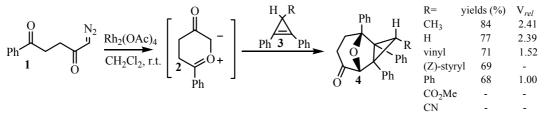
## **1,3-Dipolar Cycloaddition Reaction of Carbonyl Ylides with 3-Substituted 1,2-Diphenylcyclopropenes**<sup>1</sup>

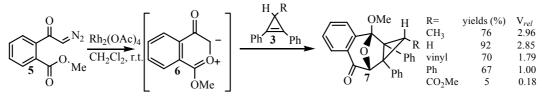
Vyacheslav V. Diev, Alexander P. Molchanov, Rafael R. Kostikov

Department of Organic Chemistry, St. Petersburg State University, Universitetskii pr. 26, 198504, St. Petersburg, Russia. fax: +7 812-4286939. e-mail: mol@am1391.spb.edu, vdiev@rambler.ru

Carbonyl ylides are reactive intermediates whose principal synthetic uses are in 1,3dipolar cycloadditions to an appropriate dipolarophile such as various alkenes, alkynes, carbonyl compounds, thioketones.<sup>[1]</sup> Of the different methods for carbonyl ylide formation, the interaction of a metallocarbenoid with the oxygen atom of a carbonyl group is particularly attractive beause of its apparent simplicity. We became interested in exploring the potential of the carbonylylide cycloaddition across strained double bonds. <sup>[2]</sup> In the present work we report the more detailed results of our study of reactivity of carbonyl ylides towards 3-substituted 1,2-diphenylcyclopropenes **3**. It was found that catalytic decomposition of the diazoketones **1** and **5** with  $Rh_2(OAc)_4$  (0.3-0.5 mol%) in  $CH_2Cl_2$  at room temperature in presence of cyclopropenes **3** resulted in the formation of the cycloadducts **4** and **7** respectively as a single stereoisomers.



Among factors strongly effected the cycloaddition reaction the sterical hindrance and the electronic nature of the substituent at 3 position of cyclopropenes **3** should be mentioned. Since carbonyl yides possess one of the smallest of the common dipoles HOMO–LUMO energy gap,<sup>[1]</sup> HOMO<sub>ylide</sub>–LUMO<sub>cyclopropene</sub> type of interaction seems to be predominant in the cycloadditions.



The structure of cycloadducts **4**, **7** have been established by spectral methods and X-ray analysis of the adduct **4** (R=styryl).

[1] Padwa A., Weingarten M.D., Chem. Rev. 1996. 96. 223.

[2] (a) Molchanov A.P., Diev V.V., Kopf J., Kostikov R.R., *Zh. Org. Khim.* **2004**, *40*, 458–460. (b) Molchanov A.P., Diev V.V., Magull J., Vidović D., Kozhushkov S.I., de Meijere A., Kostikov R.R., *Eur. J. Org. Chem.* **2004**, to be submitted.

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