Synthesis and Some Transformations of 4-(R-o-Carboranyl)-3-ethoxycarbonyl-3,4-dihydrocoumarines

Alexander V. Kazantsev¹, <u>Dana T. Iztleuova</u>¹, Mendel M. Aksartov¹, Evgeny Yu. Terentjev², Borash I. Tuleuov², Sergazy M. Adekenov²

¹E.A. Buketov Karaganda State University,
28 Universitetskaya str., 470074,Karaganda, Kazakstan
E-mail: vasbut@sys-pro.com

² Institute of Phytochemistry, MES RK,
Gasaliev str., 4, 470032, Karaganda, Kazakstan
Fax: +7 (321 2) 43 3773

E-mail: arglabin@ phyto.kz

A scope of compounds possessing biological activity were found among natural and synthetic derivatives. Special place in this series of compounds is taken by carboranyl-containing derivatives of coumarines which are promising precursors in the search and development of new pharmacologically active compounds with a wide spectrum of activity. In this regard, this work was conducted to synthesize carboranyl-containing dihydrocoumarines (1) and to study some of their transformations.

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{COOEt} \\ \text{B}_{10}\text{H}_{10} \\ \text{O} \\ \text{O} \end{array}$$

Dihyrocoumarines (1) were found to form lithium enolate-anions (2) at high yields when treated with equimolar amount of BuLi in benzene or LiOH in THF. Lithium enolate-anions transformed qualitatively to dihydrocoumarines (1) when treated with diluted HCl; and to benzo-4H-pyranes (3) when treated with water.

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc} CR & C & CR & C & CR \\ B_{10}H_{10} & B_{10}H_{10} & B_{10}H_{10} \\ \hline COOEt & COOEt & COOEt \\ \hline & BuLi \ (LiOH) & BuLi \ (LiOH) & OH \\ \hline & 1 & 2 & 3 & \\ \end{array}$$

The structures of the compounds synthesized (1-3) were confirmed by IR-, NMR¹H-spectral data and chemical transformations.